

Printing date 15.09.2017 Version number 7 Revision: 15.09.2017

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

- · 1.1 Product identifier
- · Trade name: AMBER CAVITY WAX
- 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against No further relevant information available.
- · Application of the substance | the mixture Anticorrosion additive
- · 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
- · Manufacturer/Supplier:

LKQ Coatings

Newberry House, Michigan Drive

Tongwell, Milton Keynes

MK15 8HQ

T: 01908 611117

E: optimaproducts@lkqcoatings.com

- · Further information obtainable from: Product safety Department
- · 1.4 Emergency telephone number: Tel: 01908 611117

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

- · 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture
- · Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008



GHS02

Aerosol 1 H222-H229 Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurised container: May burst if heated.



GHS08

STOT RE 1 H372 Causes damage to the central nervous system through prolonged or

repeated exposure.



GHS09

Aquatic Chronic 2 H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.



GHS07

Skin Irrit. 2 H315 Causes skin irritation.

STOT SE 3 H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Asp. Tox. 1 H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

- · 2.2 Label elements
- · Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

The product is classified and labelled according to the CLP regulation.

· Hazard pictograms









GHS02 GHS

GHS07 GHS08

8 GH

· Signal word Danger

(Contd. on page 2)



Printing date 15.09.2017 Version number 7 Revision: 15.09.2017

Trade name: AMBER CAVITY WAX

(Contd. of page 1)

· Hazard-determining components of labelling:

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light

· Hazard statements

H222-H229 Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H372 Causes damage to the central nervous system through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

· Precautionary statements

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

· Additional information:

Buildup of explosive mixtures possible without sufficient ventilation.

· 2.3 Other hazards

The petroleum naphtha / petroleum distillate / lubricating oil meet the requirements for not being classified as carcinogenic (<0,1% benzene alt<3% (w/w) DMSO extract (IP 346)).

- · Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
- · **PBT**: Not applicable.
- · vPvB: Not applicable.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

- · 3.2 Chemical characterisation: Mixtures
- · **Description:** Mixture of substances listed below with additions.

· Dangerous components:		
EC number: 919-446-0	Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	10-<25%
Reg.nr.: 01-2119458049-33	Flam. Liq. 3, H226; STOT RE 1, H372; Asp. Tox. 1, H304; Aquatic Chronic 2, H411; STOT SE 3, H336	
CAS: 74-98-6	Propane liquefied	10-<25%
EINECS: 200-827-9	🔖 Flam. Gas 1, H220; Press. Gas C, H280	
CAS: 106-97-8	Butane, pure	10-<25%
EINECS: 203-448-7	🔖 Flam. Gas 1, H220; Press. Gas C, H280	
CAS: 64742-49-0	Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	5-<10%
EINECS: 265-151-9 Reg.nr.: 2119475514-35	♦ Flam. Liq. 2, H225; ♦ Asp. Tox. 1, H304; ♦ Aquatic Chronic 2, H411; ♦ Skin Irrit. 2, H315; STOT SE 3, H336	
CAS: 75-28-5	Isobutane	5-<10%
EINECS: 200-857-2	♦ Flam. Gas 1, H220; Press. Gas C, H280	
Reg.nr.: 01-2119485395-27		
CAS: 64742-48-9	Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	1-<3%
EINECS: 265-150-3	♦ Flam. Liq. 3, H226; ♦ Asp. Tox. 1, H304	

[·] Additional information: For the wording of the listed hazard phrases refer to section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

- · 4.1 Description of first aid measures
- After inhalation:

Supply fresh air or oxygen; call for doctor.

In case of unconsciousness place patient stably in side position for transportation.

(Contd. on page 3)



Printing date 15.09.2017 Version number 7 Revision: 15.09.2017

Trade name: AMBER CAVITY WAX

(Contd. of page 2)

· After skin contact:

Immediately wash with water and soap and rinse thoroughly.

If skin irritation continues, consult a doctor.

· After eye contact:

Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water. If symptoms persist, consult a doctor.

- · After swallowing: Do not induce vomiting; call for medical help immediately.
- · 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Disorientation

Inhalation of concentrated vapours as well as oral intake will lead to anaesthesia-like conditions and headache, dizziness, etc.

· 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No further relevant information available.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

- · 5.1 Extinguishing media
- · Suitable extinguishing agents:

CO2, powder or water spray. Fight larger fires with water spray or alcohol resistant foam.

· 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

During heating or in case of fire poisonous gases are produced.

- · 5.3 Advice for firefighters
- · Protective equipment: Mount respiratory protective device.
- · Additional information Cool endangered receptacles with water spray.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

· 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Mount respiratory protective device.

Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away.

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes.

· 6.2 Environmental precautions:

Inform respective authorities in case of seepage into water course or sewage system.

Do not allow to enter sewers/ surface or ground water.

· 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Dispose contaminated material as waste according to item 13.

Ensure adequate ventilation.

Absorb liquid components with liquid-binding material.

· 6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 7 for information on safe handling.

See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

See Section 13 for disposal information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

· 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Ensure good ventilation/exhaustion at the workplace.

Use only in well ventilated areas.

Information about fire - and explosion protection:

Do not spray onto a naked flame or any incandescent material.

Keep ignition sources away - Do not smoke.

Keep respiratory protective device available.

Pressurised container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C, i.e. electric lights. Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

(Contd. on page 4)



Printing date 15.09.2017 Version number 7 Revision: 15.09.2017

Trade name: AMBER CAVITY WAX

(Contd. of page 3)

- · 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
- · Storage:
- Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles:

Observe official regulations on storing packagings with pressurised containers.

- · Information about storage in one common storage facility: Not required.
- · Further information about storage conditions: Keep container tightly sealed.
- · 7.3 Specific end use(s) No further relevant information available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

- · Additional information about design of technical facilities: No further data; see item 7.
- · 8.1 Control parameters

· Ingredients with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:	
CAS:	106-97-8 Butane, pure
WEL	Short-term value: 1810 mg/m³, 750 ppm
	Long-term value: 1450 mg/m³, 600 ppm
	Carc (if more than 0.1% of buta-1.3-diene)

Regulatory information WEL: EH40/2011

· DNELs		
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy		
Oral	Long-term - systemic effects, general population	26 mg/kg bw/day (General Population)
		44 mg/kg bw/day (Worker)
	Long-term - systemic effects, general population	26 mg/kg bw/day (General population)
Inhalative	Long-term - systemic effects, worker	330 mg/m3 (Worker)
	Long-term - systemic effects, general population	71 mg/m3 (General Population)

- · Additional information: The lists valid during the making were used as basis.
- · 8.2 Exposure controls
- · Personal protective equipment:
- · General protective and hygienic measures:

Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed.

Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work.

Store protective clothing separately.

Avoid contact with the skin.

Avoid close or long term contact with the skin.

Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.

Respiratory protection:

Short term filter device:



Filter AX

· Protection of hands:



Protective gloves

· Material of gloves

The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.

(Contd. on page 5)



Printing date 15.09.2017 Version number 7 Revision: 15.09.2017

Trade name: AMBER CAVITY WAX

(Contd. of page 4)

Nitrile rubber

Recommended thickness of the material: ≥ 0.12 mm

· Penetration time of glove material

> 480 min.

The exact break trough time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed.

• Eye protection: Safety glasses



Tightly sealed goggles

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

· 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

· General Information

· Appearance:

Form: Aerosol

Colour: According to product specification

· Odour: Characteristic · Odour threshold: Not determined.

· pH-value: Not determined.

· Change in condition

Melting point/freezing point: Undetermined. **Initial boiling point and boiling range:** <35 °C

• Flash point: <0 °C (DIN 53213)

· Flammability (solid, gas): Not applicable.

· Ignition temperature: >200 °C

· Decomposition temperature: Not determined.

· Auto-ignition temperature: Product is not selfigniting.

• Explosive properties: Product is not explosive. However, formation of explosive air/

vapour mixtures are possible.

· Explosion limits:

 Lower:
 0.6 Vol %

 Upper:
 10.9 Vol %

· Vapour pressure At 20 °C: 8,300 hPa

· Vapour pressure At 50 °C: 15 hPa

• Density At 20 °C: 0.7346 g/cm³ (DIN 51757)

Relative density
 Vapour density
 Evaporation rate
 Not determined.
 Not applicable.

· Solubility in / Miscibility with

water: Not miscible or difficult to mix.

· Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: Not determined.

· Viscosity:

Dynamic: Not determined. **Kinematic:** Not determined.

(Contd. on page 6)



Printing date 15.09.2017 Version number 7 Revision: 15.09.2017

Trade name: AMBER CAVITY WAX

		(Contd. of page :
· Solvent content:	72.0.04	
Organic solvents:	72.0 %	
Solids content:	27.1 % (DIN 53216)	
· 9.2 Other information	No further relevant information available.	
· VOC (EU):	73.05 %	
· VOC (EU):	512.0 g/l	
· VOCV:	71.98 %	

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

- · 10.1 Reactivity No further relevant information available.
- · 10.2 Chemical stability
- Thermal decomposition / conditions to be avoided: No decomposition if used according to specifications.
- · 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions No dangerous reactions known.
- · 10.4 Conditions to avoid No further relevant information available.
- · 10.5 Incompatible materials: No further relevant information available.
- · 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products: Carbon monoxide

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

- · 11.1 Information on toxicological effects
- · Acute toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

· LD/LC50 1	· LD/LC50 values relevant for classification:	
Naphtha (j	Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	
Oral	LD50	>5,000 mg/kg (RAT)
Dermal	LD50	3,400 mg/kg (RABBIT)
CAS: 106-	CAS: 106-97-8 Butane, pure	
Inhalative	LC50/4 h	658 mg/l (rat)
CAS: 6474	CAS: 64742-49-0 Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	
Oral	LD50	>5,000 mg/kg (RAT)
Dermal	LD50	>2,600 mg/kg (RABBIT)
Inhalative	LC50/4 h	>193 mg/l (RAT)
CAS: 6474	CAS: 64742-48-9 Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	
Oral	LD50	>5,000 mg/kg (RAT)
Dermal	<i>LD50</i>	>3,000 mg/kg (RAT)

- · Primary irritant effect:
- · Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

- · Serious eye damage/irritation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- Respiratory or skin sensitisation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Additional toxicological information: No further relevant information available.
- · Ingestion: Risk of chemical pneumonia if the product reaches the lungs at vomiting or similar.
- · CMR effects (carcinogenity, mutagenicity and toxicity for reproduction)
- · Germ cell mutagenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Carcinogenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Reproductive toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · STOT-single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

· STOT-repeated exposure

Causes damage to the central nervous system through prolonged or repeated exposure.

(Contd. on page 7)



Printing date 15.09.2017 Version number 7 Revision: 15.09.2017

Trade name: AMBER CAVITY WAX

(Contd. of page 6)

· Aspiration hazard

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

· 12.1 Toxicity

· Aquatic toxicity:

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy

EC50/48 h 10-22 mg/l (DAPHNIA MAGNA)

EC50/72 h | 4.6-10 mg/l (ALGAE)

EC50/96 h 10-30 mg/L (Fish)

CAS: 64742-49-0 Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light

EC50/48 h | 10 mg/l (PHAEOPHYTA)

- · 12.2 Persistence and degradability No further relevant information available.
- · 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential No further relevant information available.
- · 12.4 Mobility in soil No further relevant information available.
- · Ecotoxical effects:
- · Remark: Toxic for fish
- · Additional ecological information:
- · General notes:

Water hazard class 2 (German Regulation) (Self-assessment): hazardous for water

Do not allow product to reach ground water, water course or sewage system.

Danger to drinking water if even small quantities leak into the ground.

Also poisonous for fish and plankton in water bodies.

Toxic for aquatic organisms

- · 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
- · **PBT**: Not applicable.
- · vPvB: Not applicable.
- · 12.6 Other adverse effects No further relevant information available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

- · 13.1 Waste treatment methods
- · Recommendation

Must not be disposed together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system. Dispose of as dangerous waste.

· European waste catalogue	
08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances
HP 3	Flammable
HP 5	Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT)/Aspiration Toxicity
HP 14	Ecotoxic

- · Uncleaned packaging:
- · Recommendation: Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

SECTION 14: Transport information

- · 14.1 UN-Number
- · ADR/RID/ADN, IMDG, IATA

UN1950

(Contd. on page 8)



Version number 7 Revision: 15.09.2017 Printing date 15.09.2017

Trade name: AMBER CAVITY WAX

(Contd. of page 7) · 14.2 UN proper shipping name · ADR/RID/ADN 1950 AEROSOLS, ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS · IMDG AEROSOLS (TURPENTINE SUBSTITUTE, Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light), MARINE POLLUTANT AEROSOLS, flammable $\cdot IATA$ · 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) · ADR/RID/ADN · Class 2 5F Gases. 2.1 ·Label · IMDG · Class 2.1 ·Label 2.1 \cdot IATA 2.1 · Class ·Label 2.1 · 14.4 Packing group · ADR/RID/ADN, IMDG, IATA Void · 14.5 Environmental hazards: Product contains environmentally hazardous substances: Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy · Marine pollutant: Symbol (fish and tree) · Special marking (ADR/RID/ADN): Symbol (fish and tree) · 14.6 Special precautions for user Warning: Gases. · Danger code (Kemler): · EMS Number: F-D.S-U· Stowage Code SW1 Protected from sources of heat. SW22 For AEROSOLS with a maximum capacity of 1 litre: Category A. For AEROSOLS with a capacity above 1 litre: Category B. For WASTE AEROSOLS: Category C, Clear of living quarters. SG69 For AEROSOLS with a maximum capacity of 1 litre: · Segregation Code Segregation as for class 9. Stow "separated from" class 1 except for division 1.4. For AEROSOLS with a capacity above 1 litre: Segregation as for the appropriate subdivision of class 2. For WASTE AEROSOLS: Segregation as for the appropriate subdivision of class 2. · 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code Not applicable. · Transport/Additional information: Tansport classification ADR/IMGD is based on packaging > 30ltr(IMDG), < 450ltr(ADR). (Contd. on page 9)



Printing date 15.09.2017 Version number 7 Revision: 15.09.2017

Trade name: AMBER CAVITY WAX

(Contd. of page 8
For other packaging untis different classification can apply.
1L
Code: E0
Not permitted as Excepted Quantity
2
D
1L
Code: E0
Not permitted as Excepted Quantity
UN 1950 AEROSOLS, 2.1, ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

- · 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
- · Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

The product is classified and labelled according to the CLP regulation.

· Hazard pictograms







GHS08



GHS09

GHS02 GHS07

· Signal word Danger

· Hazard-determining components of labelling:

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light

· Hazard statements

H222-H229 Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H372 Causes damage to the central nervous system through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

· Precautionary statements

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

· Directive 2012/18/EU

- · Named dangerous substances ANNEX I None of the ingredients is listed.
- · Seveso category

P3a FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS

E2 Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment

- Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of lower-tier requirements 150 t
- Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of upper-tier requirements 500 t
- · REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 ANNEX XVII Conditions of restriction: 3

(Contd. on page 10)



Printing date 15.09.2017 Version number 7 Revision: 15.09.2017

Trade name: AMBER CAVITY WAX

(Contd. of page 9)

- · National regulations:
- · Technical instructions (air):

Class	Share in %
NK	72.0

- · Waterhazard class: Water hazard class 2 (Self-assessment): hazardous for water.
- · 15.2 Chemical safety assessment: A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

· Relevant phrases

H220 Extremely flammable gas.

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H372 Causes damage to the central nervous system through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

- · Department issuing SDS: Product safety department.
- · Contact: optimaproducts@lkqcoatings.com
- · Abbreviations and acronyms:

RID: Règlement international concernant le transport des marchandises dangereuses par chemin de fer (Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail)

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation

ADR: Accord européen sur le transport des marchandises dangereuses par Route (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transport Association

GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)

DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (REACH)

LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent

LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

Flam. Gas 1: Flammable gases - Category 1

Aerosol 1: Aerosols – Category 1

Press. Gas C: Gases under pressure - Compressed gas

Flam. Liq. 2: Flammable liquids – Category 2

Flam. Liq. 3: Flammable liquids – Category 3

Skin Irrit. 2: Skin corrosion/irritation – Category 2

STOT SE 3: Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) – Category 3

STOT RE 1: Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) – Category 1

Asp. Tox. 1: Aspiration hazard - Category 1

Aquatic Chronic 2: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - long-term aquatic hazard - Category 2

* Data compared to the previous version altered.